Docket No.: 2038-309 PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of : : EXPEDITED PROCEDURE : : Response under 37 CFR 1.116

Yasushi SAYAMA et al.

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Serial No. 10/720,488 : Group Art Unit: 3763

Filed: November 25, 2003 : Examiner: MELANIE JO HAND

For: DISPOSABLE DIAPER

PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

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COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria VA 22313-1450

Sir:

This paper is submitted in reply to the Final Office Action mailed January 9, 2007.

Applicants respectfully request review of the final rejections of claims 2, 5, and 11-21 as manifested in the Final Office Action. No amendments are being filed with this request.

This request is being filed with a Notice of Appeal in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31 and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 41.20(b)(1).

The review is requested for the reasons stated on the attached sheets.

REASONS

The following clear errors are found in the Examiner's rejections.

 The 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of claims 2, 5, 11, 13-14, 16, 18-20 as being obvious over Kline in view of Sherrod is clearly erroneous, because (i) the references are not properly combinable and (ii) the references combined in the manner proposed by the Examiner would fail to teach or disclose all limitations of, at least, the rejected independent claims.

With respect to (i), independent claim 11 finds support in Figs. 2-3 which disclose, among other things, antislip zones 44 on the outer surface of the diaper's main portion and on opposite sides of landing zone 26 (Fig. 2). The antislip zones 44 are contactable with predetermined areas A (Fig. 3) of the inner surfaces of the proximal ends of wing portions 18, when wing portions 18 are attached to landing zone 26, to resist relative movement between wing portions 18 and the waist region having the antislip zones 44. Independent claim 13 includes (at lines 17-20) limitations similar to independent claim 11. Thus, the claimed antislip zones are arranged for contacting and resisting relative movement between components of the diaper. In contrast, the Sherrod skid-resistant coating is arranged to contact with external objects to maintain the garment in use. Thus, the references are not combinable to provide the Sherrod skid-resistant coating in regions where components of the Kline diaper contact each other in the presently claimed manner, as argued in the September 20, 2006 Amendment at page 12, lines 3-14 which is incorporated by reference herein.

The Examiner's response ¹ to the above argument is noted. Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position, because the fact is that *Sherrod* does not teach or suggest to arrange the anti-skid coating in regions where the anti-skid coating is contactable with other parts of the diaper. The primary purpose of *Sherrod* is to prevent relative movement between the diaper and the wearer's garment. Thus, a person of ordinary skill in the art would understand that to arrange the *Sherrod* anti-skid coating in regions where it can only contact other parts of the diaper would not serve the primary purpose of the reference. Therefore, the person of ordinary skill in the art would have <u>not</u> considered to arrange the *Sherrod* anti-skid coating in such regions of the *Kline* diaper and would <u>not</u> have been motivated to combine the references as proposed by the Examiner.

Of particular note, the Examiner's allegation that "Sherrod teaches coating a bottom sheet 28 with an anti-skid coating over substantially all of said sheet" ² is incorrect. Sherrod does not teach such, as can

¹ See the January 9, 2007 Final Office Action at page 3, lines 1-9.

² See the January 9, 2007 Final Office Action at page 5, lines 4-5 from bottom.

be seen, for example, at 30 in Fig. 2 of the reference.

With respect to (ii), independent claims 11 and 13 recite, among other things, that the antislip zones comprise a mixture of elastic fibers and inelastic fibers. Sherrod fails to teach or suggest fibrous antislip zones because the reference only discloses a coating. Thus, the Examiner's combination of Sherrod and Kline, if proper, would lack the highlighted claimed feature, as argued in the September 20, 2006 Amendment at page 12, line 15 through page 13 line 2 which is incorporated by reference herein.

The Examiner's response ³ to the above argument is noted. Applicants respectfully disagree with the Examiner's position, because the fact is that *Sherrod* does not teach or suggest <u>fibrous</u> anti-skid zones as presently claimed. The reference only discloses a coating which, as argued above, has no fibrous nature.

The Examiner's reliance on *Kline* at column 5 lines 14-17 4 is misplaced, because the cited portion is related to the <u>backsheet</u> rather than to an anti-skid coating. A person of ordinary skill in the art would further understand that in the Examiner's proposed *Kline/Sherrod* combination (if proper), the backsheet of *Kline* would be covered by the anti-skid coating of *Sherrod* and would not be "contactable with predetermined areas of the inner surfaces of the... wing portions" as required by the independent claims. Thus, the portions of the backsheet of *Kline* that underlie the *Sherrod* antiskid coating do not meet the definition of the claimed anti-slip zone. The claimed anti-slip zone is met, if at all, solely by the coating of *Sherrod* which has no fibrous nature.

The Examiner's reliance on Sherrod's reference to McCormick (U.S. Patent No. 6,075,179)⁶ is also misplaced, because Sherrod refers to McCormick for a disclosure of materials suitable for bottom-sheet or <u>backsheet</u> 28.⁷ Thus, as argued immediately above the McCormick teachings do not define any anti-slip zone and cannot be considered as evidence that it was known in the prior art to provide fibrous anti-slip zone.

For any of the reasons (i) and (ii) presented above, Applicants respectfully submit that the obviousness rejection of all pending claims is clearly erroneous and should be withdrawn.

2. The 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of claims 5, 12, 15, 17 and 21 as being obvious over Kline in view of Sherrod and further in view of Damberg is clearly erroneous, because (i) Damberg is not properly combinable with Kline and Sherrod and (ii) the reference also fails to teach or suggest the fibrous

³ See the January 9, 2007 Final Office Action at page 3, lines 15-17.

⁴ See the January 9, 2007 Final Office Action at page 3, lines 10-19.

⁵ See independent claim 11 at lines 5-6 from bottom, and independent claim 13 at lines 18-19.

⁶ See the January 9, 2007 Final Office Action at page 3, lines 17-19.

⁷ See Sherrod at paragraph [0034].

nature of the claimed anti-slip zone.

- (i) With respect to (i), Damberg is non-analogous art ⁸ that cannot be combined with Kline and Sherrod. In particular, Damberg is not in the field of applicant's endeavor, because it belongs to a completely different field of search. Note, for example, that Damberg is classified in class 264 whereas Kline and Sherrod are classified in classes 604 and 442. Damberg would not have logically commended itself to an inventor's attention in considering his problem in the diaper art, because the reference relates to molded parts² which are well known in the diaper art as being unusable in diapers due to their excessive strength an hardness.²⁰ Given the unrelatedness of Damberg to the diaper art and the inapplicability of the Damberg strong, hard molded products in diapers, a person of ordinary skill in the art would not have been motivated to combine Damberg with Kline or Sherrod, contrary to the Examiner's rationale.
- (ii) With respect to (ii), Damberg fails to cure the deficiency of Kline and Sherrod, i.e., the Sherrod non-fibrous antiskid coating. Damberg discloses a process of producing parts from polymeric particles upon the application of heat and pressure.¹¹ The process disclosed in Damberg includes mixing, heating, pressing and curing. ¹² A person of ordinary skill in the art would understand that the final products of Damberg will either maintain the particulate nature of the ingredients or have a film structure. The final product of Damberg will not have a fibrous nature, unlike the claimed anti-slip zone. Therefore, even if Damberg could be properly combined with Kline and Sherrod, the antiskid coating of the combined article would still fail to include the claimed fibrous anti-slip zone.

For any of the reasons (i) and (ii) presented above, Applicants respectfully submit that the obviousness rejection of claims 5, 12, 15, 17 and 21 is clearly erroneous and should be withdrawn.

^{8 &}quot;In order to rely on a reference as a basis for rejection of an applicant's invention [under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)], the reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the inventor was concerned." In re Deliker, 97T F.2 d 1443, 1446, 24 U.SPC2d 1443, 1445 (Fed. Cir. 1992). See also In re Deminski, 796 F.2d 436, 230 USPQ 313 (Fed. Cir. 1986); In re Clay, 966 F.2d 656, 659, 23 USPQ2d 1058, 1060-61 (Fed. Cir. 1992). ("A reference is reasonably pertinent if, even though it may be in a different field from that of the inventor's endeavor, it is one which, because of the matter with which it deals, logically would have commended itself to an inventor's attention in considering his problem."); and Wang Laboratories Inc. v. Toshiba Corp., 993 F.2d 858, 26 USPQ2d 1767 (Fed. Cir. 1993). See MPEP, section 214.10 (a).

⁹ See Damberg e.g., at Abstract, column 2 lines 39-42 and 52-57.

¹⁰ See Damberg at column 5 lines 56-58.

¹¹ See Damberg at Abstract, column 1 line 59, column 2 lines 1 and 7, column 3 lines 43-58, and the paragraph bridging columns 3-4.

See Damberg at column 4 line 30 through column 5 line 19.

Withdrawal of the final rejections of claims 2, 5, and 11-21 in view of the above is believed appropriate and therefore respectfully requested.

To the extent necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account 07-1337 and please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfull Submitted,

LOWE HAVITMAN & BERNER, LLP

Benjamin J. Hauptman Registration No. 29,310

USPTO Customer No. 22429 1700 Diagonal Road, Suite 310 Alexandria, VA 22314 (703) 684-1111 (703) 518-5499 Facsimile Date: April 9, 2007 BJH/KL/cif